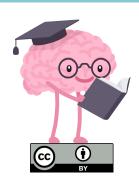


NEURODIDACTICS



Principles:

- Learning takes place at a physiological level in the brain
- Students learn better when their senses are engaged in diverse ways
- The brain is designed to interact with and learn from other people
- The brain has a natural inclination to seek connection and meaning
- Our brains have a natural tendency to look for patterns and structures
- Students learn better when they can see how new information is connected to their existing knowledge
- Emotions play a significant role in memory formation and retrieval
- Learning is a complex process that involves both our active focus and our subconscious perception
- Learning is developmental
- Students have different learning preferences, strengths, and weaknesses

Key takeaways for your classroom

- Find a way to engage as many senses as possible.
- Consider the social aspects of learning.
- Enable meaningful learning experiences
- Present content in a way that students can recognize patterns and connections.
- Find a way to tie your students emotionally to your content.
- Consider incorporating both conscious and unconscious learning opportunities into your teaching approach.
- Try to incorporate differentiation strategies into your lessons.